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APPLICATION NO.	FILING DATE	FIRST NAMED INVENTOR	ATTORNEY DOCKET NO.	CONFIRMATION NO.	
10/045,902	01/16/2002	Shunpei Yamazaki	0756-2405	2970	
31780 7590 11/02/2010 Robinson Intellectual Property Law Office, P.C.			EXAM	EXAMINER	
3975 Fair Ridge Drive Suite 20 North Fairfax, VA 22033			POTTER, ROY KARL		
			ART UNIT	PAPER NUMBER	
,			2822		
			MAIL DATE	DELIVERY MODE	
			11/02/2010	PAPER	

Please find below and/or attached an Office communication concerning this application or proceeding.

The time period for reply, if any, is set in the attached communication.

1	RECORD OF ORAL HEARING
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6 7	BEFORE THE BOARD OF PATENT APPEALS
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10	Ex parte SHUNPEI YAMAZAKI
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12	1 2010 002022
13	Appeal 2010-002033
14	Application 10/045,902
15	Technology Center 2800
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17	0.111 ' 11.11 C . 1. 14.2010
18	Oral Hearing Held: September 14, 2010
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20	D.C. JAMES T. MOODE - 1 ALLEND, MACDONALD, W. Child
21	Before JAMES T. MOORE and ALLEN R. MACDONALD, Vice Chief
22	Administrative Patent Judges, and LINDA E. HORNER,
23	RICHARD E. SCHAFER, ADRIENE LEPIANE HANLON,
24	JENNIFER D. BAHR and MARC S. HOFF, Administrative Patent Judge
25	ADDE AD ANGEG
26 27	APPEARANCES:
28 29	ON BEHALF OF THE APPELLANT:
30	ON BEHALF OF THE APPELLANT:
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32	EDIC I DODINGON ECOLIDE
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- 1 The above-entitled matter came on for hearing on Tuesday.
- 2 September14, 2010, commencing at 9:00 a.m., at the U.S. Patent and
- 3 Trademark Office, 600 Dulany Street, Alexandria, Virginia, before Deborah
- 4 Rinaldo, Notary Public.
- 5 MR. ROBINSON: Good morning, Your Honors.
- 6 JUDGE MOORE: Good morning. You may begin at any time. We have
- 7 obviously an expanded panel here. So we're going to give you a little more
- 8 time than normal. We're going to mark you for a half hour from now and
- 9 you may begin at any time.
- 10 MR. ROBINSON: Thank you, Your Honor. Additionally, let me express
- my appreciation to the Board for rescheduling this hearing. I think we were
- 12 scheduled in August and I had an unusual vacation scheduled. So I do
- 13 appreciate your accommodation, particularly since I didn't realize it was an
- 14 expanded panel and the need to reschedule so many people's schedules is
- 15 appreciated.
- 16 JUDGE MOORE: It's not a problem.
- 17 MR. ROBINSON: The case we have before us today is directed to what
- 18 constitutes an error under 35 USC 251 that can be corrected by reissue.
- 19 The facts of the case that are set forth in the Appeal Brief, are probably
- 20 worthy of a brief review as I'm sure that you have looked at them closely.
- 21 In the subject case, the '991 patent that is at issue included a terminal
- 22 disclaimer that was filed during the prosecution of the patent.
- 23 Twenty-one months prior to the issuance of that patent we prepared and filed
- 24 a petition under rule 182 asking that that terminal disclaimer be withdrawn
- and we set forth reasons in that petition for why we felt that the claims had
- 26 been amended so that the terminal disclaimer was no longer necessary.

- 1 That petition was never acted on. The case before us today effectively
- 2 presents the question as to whether the failure to act on that petition or our
- 3 failure in not taking any number of additional steps prior to the issuance of
- 4 that patent is a sufficient error that can be corrected under 251.
- 5 One of the important distinctions that we think we've highlighted in our
- 6 briefs is that we are not here today suggesting that we filed a terminal
- 7 disclaimer and we don't like that result anymore and we want it out now.
- 8 That's not what happened in the case. Our error is not that we filed a
- 9 terminal disclaimer that was inappropriate.
- 10 The error is focused on this petition that was filed and the fact that either the
- 11 office or our office -- and we've fallen on the sword here -- did not pay close
- 12 enough attention that this petition was in the case and do something to get it
- 13 acted on.
- 14 We did file the petition. We did highlight it in the remarks of the
- 15 amendment at the time to the examiner and then that's it. Nothing else
- 16 happened until the case issued.
- 17 JUDGE MOORE: What were your options at that point in time?
- 18 MR. ROBINSON: Well, that is a good question because we've confronted
- 19 this before. There are probably some options under rule 313 to withdraw
- 20 this case. I'm not exactly sure which of the categories we could have fallen
- 21 into there but we may have been able to withdraw the case to get the petition
- 22 to be decided.
- 23 Certainly if we had sufficient time prior to the issuance of the case, we could
- 24 have called petitions, we could have called the Examiner, we could have
- said, What's going on with our petition? Why hasn't it been acted on?
- 26 In cases such as this we could call the director's office and say, We've got an

- 1 issue; you don't want to issue this case yet. In most cases sua sponte
- 2 withdraw the case because it wasn't in good form.
- 3 So I think there were things that could be done. And in footnote 4 of our
- 4 Appeal Brief where we set forth a number of errors, we highlight some of
- 5 those, one, not withdrawing it under 313 before or after payment of the issue
- 6 fee. Not deferring it. I understand we could have deferred issuance under
- 7 314 until the petition to withdraw was considered.
- 8 So there were certainly options like that that we feel may have been
- 9 available to us and some of these, when we were preparing our Brief and
- 10 preparing this reissue application these were questions that were presented to
- 11 us and one of the reasons why we have highlighted all of these errors.
- 12 People ask why you didn't do this; we said that was another error we made.
- 13 So that's why they are here.
- 14 JUDGE MOORE: Fair enough.
- 15 MR. ROBINSON: The CAFC and CCPA tell us that 251 is grounded in
- 16 fairness and equity. It's an equitable relief and it should be construed
- 17 liberally. We think that's very helpful in this case to our position.
- 18 Effectively, we feel that the guidance in from the CAFC should generally be
- 19 construed as if there's no reason why the error is not permitted to be
- 20 corrected, then the default should fall to correcting it. It is almost a burden
- $21\,$ $\,$ of proof issue and I don't have a case on point where I can tell you the
- 22 CAFC said that other than fairness in equity and construe this provision
- 23 liberally.
- 24 The delays in this case, we have talked about them in our Brief at length. It's
- 25 been years. We had an interview with Examiner Potter. We thought we had
- an interview summary that said, okay, this is an issue based on the

- 1 Durckheimer case which Judge Hanlon, I think you were a part of.
- 2 We said that this is a type of error that can be corrected. Two years later we
- 3 got another non-final office action. So we've had a lot of delays. The
- 4 unexpired part of the patent that's going to be left if we ultimately prevail in
- 5 this case is shrinking quickly.
- 6 So in addition to the fairness in equity issues, although not directly on point,
- 7 there has been extraordinary delay in this case.
- 8 I mentioned the Durckheimer decision. The Durckheimer decision, we
- 9 think, is the right result, of course, because it reached a conclusion that's
- 10 beneficial to our case here. We feel we are more favorable than
- 11 Durckheimer because we took action before the patent issued. We filed our
- 12 petition to withdraw, asked for the terminal disclaimer to be removed.
- 13 We think that's helpful because it helps put the public on notice that we
- 14 didn't freely dedicate this portion. If the public is reviewing the file history
- 15 and looking at what's in there, they should see from that that we didn't give
- 16 up on this. It wasn't our intent, it wasn't freely dedicated.
- 17 I will admit that we are slightly weaker than the Durckheimer decision in
- 18 that our claims were amended in a way such that we feel the terminal
- 19 disclaimer isn't necessary. Whereas, in Durckheimer the claims themselves
- 20 were cancelled.
- 21 Now, I could make a lot of legal arguments to you that amending a claim is
- 22 effectively canceling the underlying claim and presenting a new claim, but
- 23 in the end the Durckheimer decision and the facts in that case perhaps are
- 24 slightly more favorable in that regard.
- 25 Nevertheless, we feel that following the procedures, which -- and this is

- 1 important. This is what we did. The MPEP 1490 tells us that if you have a
- 2 terminal disclaimer that's in the case before the case issues, then file a
- 3 petition under 182 and that's the remedy. That's the procedure. That's what
- 4 we're told to do and we tried to do that.
- 5 We messed up. We made an error. That's the issue here in not making sure
- 6 that we got that petition properly acted on before the case issued.
- 7 JUDGE HORNER: Hasn't your patent expired now?
- 8 MR. ROBINSON: I don't believe so. It's a great question and it's point one
- 9 of the Durckheimer decision and also in the MPEP 1490 what is the term of
- 10 the patent, the unexpired portion of the term.
- 11 So the answer to your question is, yes, if the terminal disclaimer is not
- 12 withdrawn, then the patent is expired. If the terminal disclaimer is
- 13 withdrawn, there is an unexpired portion of the term.
- 14 JUDGE HORNER: But when is the term set? Is it set at the date of issue?
- 15 MR. ROBINSON: I think so, yes.
- 16 JUDGE HORNER: And at the date of issue, your terminal disclaimer had
- 17 not been withdrawn. So would the term have expired in 2003?
- 18 MR. ROBINSON: Well, let me argue that -- I'll say no to that but I think we
- 19 have to peel the layer back a little bit further because it is an important issue
- 20 about what is the term and what does 35 USC 251 mean when it says the
- 21 unexpired portion of the term, if I have got the words right.
- We say the expiration date of our patent is January 30, 2018, and I think
- 23 that's the 17-year date. The terminal disclaimer doesn't change the term of
- 24 the patent. That's point one of the Durckheimer decision. It doesn't change
- 25 the term. It simply disclaims a portion of the term. So we're not changing
- 26 the term of the underlying patent.

- 1 JUDGE HORNER: Are you aware of any Federal Circuit cases that support
- 2. that?
- 3 MR. ROBINSON: No, I'm not off the top of my head. I would have to read
- 4 back through -- I don't know that we specifically researched that issue and
- 5 I'm thinking through the cases I read vesterday. I don't know that I saw that
- 6 particular issue. So I'm not aware of that.
- 7 So the answer to your question is, is our patent expired? I guess I would say
- 8 it depends on whether or not we're successful here today. And a similar
- 9 issue may have applied in Durckheimer. I haven't checked the exact dates
- 10 here, but perhaps their patent wasn't expired.
- 11 JUDGE HORNER: It expired in '96 and the Durckheimer decision issued in
- 12 '94.
- 13 MR. ROBINSON: Okay. And if there's one point that we certainly have
- 14 stressed and we think is important, it's the fact that we filed this petition
- 15 before the patent issued.
- 16 And there's been a lot of discussion about the Durckheimer unique facts and
- 17 circumstances, top of page 21. Now, initially that paragraph appears to be
- 18 focusing primarily on the question you just asked about the term, and it's
- 19 kind of slightly taken out of context but it seems to be focusing on that first
- 20 factor, the term.
- 21 But in our particular case, we also feel we have unique facts and
- 22 circumstances. They are different than Durckheimer but we think they are
- 23 more favorable. We've tried to take this action. So that's important to us to
- 24 stress that.

- 1 JUDGE MOORE: Can I recast the question just a little bit? If I'm a
- 2 competitor, for sake of argument, and I'm looking at your patent, do I have
- 3 the right to practice the invention now or not?
- 4 MR. ROBINSON: Let me think about that. So if you are a competitor and
- 5 you come to me and ask me, based on this history, do I have the right to
- 6 practice this patent or not, I would probably advise you no.
- 7 JUDGE MOORE: Well, what would one just looking at the file without
- 8 your opinion in terms of representing your client -- I'm thinking how would
- 9 their attorney advise them?
- 10 MR. ROBINSON: I'm not certain about that. I'm trying to put it in context
- that allows me to think about the issues clearly and I feel that when I would
- 12 look or when they would look at the final history of this case and look at the
- 13 reissue proceeding that's pending, they would see that, you know, this
- 14 terminal disclaimer is being questioned, it's being challenged and it -- you
- 15 know, there's an argument for why it shouldn't be maintained in this case.
- 16 JUDGE MOORE: So I couldn't just look at the issue date, there's a terminal
- 17 disclaimer in there and say this patent is not of concern until something
- 18 happens otherwise?
- 19 MR. ROBINSON: No, I don't think that would be wise for you to do. And I
- 20 think that the general feeling that I have always carried with me through my
- 21 practice of patent law is that the patent is a marker for what happened in the
- 22 prosecution history.
- 23 And we look at the prosecution history regularly for claim interpretation
- 24 issues, for estoppel issues, for IDS issues and certainly with respect to why
- 25 or the reasons terminal disclaimer were filed.

- 1 So I don't feel that anyone that's going to be looking for a reason of whether
- 2 they can or cannot practice an invention should rely solely on looking at the
- 3 patent or the face of the patent.
- 4 JUDGE MOORE: For the term? Not for claim interpretation, just for the
- 5 length and duration of the claim?
- 6 MR. ROBINSON: Again, Your Honor, I'm going to say no to that. I
- 7 understand your point and I look at the face of a patent and the term
- 8 calculations these days can be confusing, depending on whether it's extended
- 9 in 1995 and the reason for the terminal disclaimer and whether it was the
- 10 result of a CPA or various other things.
- But typically you've got to look deeper than that and you've got to say if
- 12 there is a terminal disclaimer here and certainly if you are looking at
- 13 something as significant as am I free to practice what's in this patent, you are
- 14 going to look at that prosecution history and you are going to see why was
- 15 this terminal disclaimer filed.
- 16 At that point I feel it opens up. The public then sees that there's this petition
- 17 and there's more to that issue.
- 18 JUDGE SCHAFER: So you are saying your position is there are no
- 19 intervening rights under section 253 for the period between 2003 and
- 20 whatever the effect on the patent was. So let's say you get your reissued
- 21 patent.
- 22 MR. ROBINSON: I would have to say that the issue of whether or not the
- 23 intervening rights are going to apply is not -- I don't think I have focused on
- 24 that close enough, Your Honor, to give you an answer as to which way I
- 25 would go on that.

- 1 So the intervening rights issue hasn't been presented vet, so I would have to
- 2 look more closely before I would say yes or no on that. Unfortunately, I
- 3 can't answer that.
- 4 JUDGE MACDONALD: On a slightly different issue, in your Brief you are
- 5 asking for specific relief in the last paragraph and I'm not certain what you
- 6 are referring to there.
- 7 You are requesting that the petition under 182 be -- to withdraw should be
- 8 granted. I'm not certain what petition you are referring to since you don't
- 9 have a date there to indicate. Is this the petition in the original prosecution
- 10 that resulted in the patent or some other petition that I haven't been able to
- 11 find in the record?
- 12 MR. ROBINSON: Well, I think reading this in context, what this is
- 13 intended to refer to is the petition in the original patent which has been
- 14 dismissed.
- 15 JUDGE MACDONALD: Under what authority would we be able to take
- 16 that action even if we agree with you?
- 17 MR. ROBINSON: I'm not sure that the first part of that, that the petition
- 18 under that should be granted is relief that you can grant. The second part,
- 19 that terminal disclaimer should be withdrawn in the face of the patent
- 20 corrected, I believe, is something that you could grant.
- 21 JUDGE MACDONALD: Actually, I don't agree because this is a
- 22 petitionable matter. So again, where is the petition that's supposed to do this
- 23 correction? Because your oath specifically states all errors corrected in this
- 24 reissue, yet I'm not finding any correction. I see the list of errors but I don't
- 25 see the steps to correct any of that.

- 1 MR, ROBINSON: Yeah, I think the answer to that question is that we feel
- 2 we haven't gotten past the hurdle yet as to a threshold question as to whether
- 3 or not the errors are correctable.
- 4 JUDGE MACDONALD: Doesn't that threshold include actually starting the
- 5 correction process?
- 6 MR. ROBINSON: Well, it was our belief that the correction by the reissue
- 7 process would not necessarily require that we file a new petition under 182
- 8 in the reissue.
- 9 JUDGE MACDONALD: Didn't the Director do a final decision of your
- 10 request for reconsideration of the original petition?
- 11 MR. ROBINSON: I would have to check and make sure it says "final," but I
- 12 believe it may or may not say this is a final agency action. I would have to
- 13 check to confirm that.
- 14 JUDGE MACDONALD: And also I think the MPEP is pretty clear that the
- 15 reissue oath must allege and the reissue application must provide correction
- 16 of the error. And I don't see that there's any provision here for correcting the
- 17 error.
- 18 MR. ROBINSON: So the first part of that, the reissue of -- first of all, let
- 19 me say that I'm familiar that we often go through an iterative process with
- 20 reissuance until we come up with language that works. Certainly in the
- 21 Durckheimer decision, I also see that the Board put in a new rejection
- saying, hey, the reissue oath isn't good enough.
- 23 So for that I'm prepared to say that if the words aren't exactly where they
- 24 need to be on the reissue oath, we can work with that and submit
- 25 supplementals. That's the first half of that.

- 1 The second half is that it was my general understanding that through the
- 2 reissue process in correcting the error in this case we would simply be
- 3 asking for the Patent Office to make a record that the terminal disclaimer is
- 4 withdrawn.
- 5 I don't know, again, what was done in Durckheimer --
- 6 JUDGE MACDONALD: Petition was filed.
- 7 MR. ROBINSON: And, you know, I would assume in this case a petition
- 8 can be filed as well. I mean, I don't know if it can be done after this or if
- 9 there's an order of events issue.
- 10 JUDGE MACDONALD: You've already indicated, I believe, in
- 11 Durckheimer there was agreement that the terminal disclaimer was no longer
- 12 effective in the sense the claims were gone that that was about. So I can
- 13 sense the Examiner and the Appellant had both agreed on the issue there but
- 14 I don't see that kind of agreement in here. It strikes me that the petition
- 15 would need to be processed. Otherwise any decision we're doing is just
- 16 advisory.
- 17 MR. ROBINSON: Well, my feeling on that in part and I think the concern
- 18 is there in the back of my mind, which is whether or not this is an issue that
- 19 can be corrected under 251, should this terminal disclaimer be withdrawn.
- 20 JUDGE MACDONALD: Isn't that a step too far? Isn't the real first step
- 21 really the merits of the petition, which in Durckheimer were expressed in the
- 22 record, the merits of if a petition was filed?
- 23 Here we have nothing to indicate that the Director would agree that the
- 24 amendment is of the type that would not have resulted in a double patent
- 25 rejection.

- 1 MR. ROBINSON: That's right and we also have nothing that indicates that
- 2 a double patenting rejection would be maintained. The prosecution history,
- 3 even in this reissue application which should be complete and should, I
- 4 believe, have looked at those issues and said even if there is an error here
- 5 and it is correctable by reissue, nevertheless, double patenting would still
- 6 apply based on the claims.
- 7 That's never been raised. The issue hasn't been brought up by the
- 8 Examiner --
- 9 JUDGE MACDONALD: Without the petition and without the withdrawal
- of the terminal disclaimer, why would that be appropriate for the Examiner
- 11 to raise those issues? As it stands, there is a terminal disclaimer and those
- 12 are not appropriate rejections.
- 13 MR. ROBINSON: I'm sorry, as it stands now?
- 14 JUDGE MACDONALD: There is an effective terminal disclaimer as it
- 15 stands right now. Therefore, double patenting was not an issue. So why
- 16 would the Examiner do a hypothetical rejection?
- 17 MR. ROBINSON: Well, I think that, with all due respect, when the basis
- 18 for the reissue is to withdraw the terminal disclaimer, then the fact that
- 19 there's a terminal disclaimer that obviates those rejections gets a little
- 20 circular and I feel that the Examiner would appreciate that if this error is
- 21 correctable under 251, that the terminal disclaimer therefore is no longer
- 22 necessary is the ultimate question that we're reaching.
- 23 Now, we did indicate in our Brief several times that we've never reached that
- 24 issue, that the Patent Office hasn't yet said the terminal disclaimer is
- 25 necessary or not because we feel we have been roadblocked by this

- 1 procedural matter of it doesn't matter because it's not an error you can
- 2 correct under 251.
- 3 JUDGE SCHAFER: Does your original petition explain why there was no
- 4 double patenting rejection, why the terminal disclaimer was no longer
- 5 necessary on the merits of the invention?
- 6 MR. ROBINSON: It did. It didn't go into great detail, but it did explain it.
- 7 JUDGE SCHAFER: And that was never ruled on either, I take it?
- 8 MR. ROBINSON: It wasn't substantively ruled on. It was dismissed based
- 9 on the fact that it was filed after the patent issued.
- 10 JUDGE SCHAFER: Right. But there's never been a ruling by an Examiner
- or other Office official that there was no longer a double patenting issue?
- 12 MR. ROBINSON: That is correct. And the petition I'm looking at here
- 13 discusses that at least the lower limit of the carbon concentration is one of
- 14 the distinguishing features over the claims of the patent that is the basis of
- 15 the double patenting rejection.
- 16 JUDGE SCHAFER: And it was argued that that would be an unobvious
- 17 distinction?
- 18 MR. ROBINSON: I would not necessarily say that it was argued in detail.
- 19 It was pointed out that they are different for that reason and we feel that the
- 20 double patenting is no longer applicable.
- 21 The petition, it's attached, I'm sure you've seen it but it's only a couple of
- 22 paragraphs. It's very short and simply makes those assertions that the double
- 23 patenting isn't necessary. We didn't do a detailed analysis of comparing
- 24 claim limitations and going through that process.
- 25 Again, generally if there is no disagreement with that particular issue, then I
- 26 don't write long, detailed arguments until we have refined the issues.

- 1 So Judge MacDonald, I understand, you know, your comments there with
- 2 respect to there not being a petition in this case. My gut tells me run back
- 3 today and file a petition, but I don't think that's going to get us where we
- 4 need to be. I want to say I believe it's a little form over substance with all
- 5 respect to you.
- 6 JUDGE MACDONALD: I'm more concerned with the issue that we are not
- 7 the proper place to be with this issue before the Director.
- 8 MR. ROBINSON: And thank you for mentioning that because we didn't
- 9 appeal this reissue without asking that question and it's been a long time but
- 10 my recollection is that I spent some time trying to find out, do I appeal this
- 11 or do I petition this?
- 12 And the conclusion I reached at the time in part because of Durckheimer,
- 13 which may be slightly different now, I'm appreciating, was this was an
- 14 appealable issue.
- 15 I continued today -- on my way down here today I was thinking about that
- 16 issue. I continue to believe this isn't so much a procedural issue as a
- 17 question fundamentally of what's error under 251, and the decision about
- 18 whether it's an error or not and error, I feel, lies here with this tribunal and
- 19 perhaps not as a petitionable matter.
- 20 So I share your concern. I know I looked into that before and reached the
- 21 conclusion and probably based on discussions with Patent Office personnel
- 22 that we should appeal this, and I still feel on balance that it's the right place
- 23 to be.
- 24 So I would like to go through, I think we've touched on all of them
- 25 somewhat during the questioning there but I'd like to briefly discuss the
- 26 Durckheimer decision and the three factors that were set forth in there.

- 1 Effectively Durckheimer looks at MPEP 1490. And MPEP 1490 discusses
- 2 withdrawals of terminal disclaimers and there's three concerns set forth in
- 3 the MPEP that Durckheimer addresses.
- 4 And the first, as Judge Horner was discussing, is would this extend the term
- 5 of a patent? And I think our position on this is paralleling to what was in
- 6 Durckheimer was agreed to there which is that the terminal disclaimer
- 7 doesn't change the term. It simply disclaims a portion of the term that's
- 8 there. So we're not changing the term. We're simply removing a disclaimer
- 9 with respect to a portion of the term.
- 10 That was the reason that Durckheimer concluded that this provision didn't
- 11 apply. We think that's applicable here as well.
- 12 JUDGE MOORE: As a practical matter though, I asked this question
- 13 previously, if I'm making these semiconductors and I don't think you are
- 14 going to be able to enforce this patent against me, how is withdrawing that
- 15 terminal disclaimer not bringing the term out over what I'm doing then,
- 16 extending it to cover what I'm presently doing? Temporal extension, as it
- 17 were, of the claims.
- 18 MR. ROBINSON: The question on that is, and I think you are struggling
- 19 with this and I believe I understand it, which is what is the term of this
- 20 patent? And it took me a while in reading Durckheimer, the term of the
- 21 patent extends to 2018 but we've disclaimed a portion of that.
- 22 So I think it becomes circular as to whether or not if the terminal disclaimer
- 23 is proper, then the patent is expired; if the terminal disclaimer is not proper,
- then it's not expired. The term never changes.
- 25 JUDGE MOORE: When you say "proper," you are talking about legal
- 26 sufficiency? Are the words not good or --

- 1 MR. ROBINSON: No. I'm talking about whether or not there's a sufficient
- 2 error here that allows a terminal disclaimer to be taken back and be
- 3 corrected.
- 4 But let's not talk about expiration of the patent. Perhaps I misspoke there
- 5 because the patent isn't necessarily expired as much as it's subject to a
- 6 terminal disclaimer. It's disclaimed and there's a difference between a patent
- 7 expiring because its term ends and it being disclaimed, a portion of its term
- 8 being disclaimed.
- 9 JUDGE HORNER: So the patent -- in a situation where you've got a
- 10 terminal disclaimer that's proper, the patent would expire on that date to
- 11 which the term has been disclaimed?
- 12 MR. ROBINSON: That is another question I'm not going to be able to
- 13 answer. I'm going to have to go back and look at that but I don't believe the
- 14 term of the patent would necessarily end. The patent would no longer be
- 15 enforceable.
- 16 I would have to research the term since obviousness double patenting is
- 17 judicially created, I don't know if we'll find that in the statute. So I think,
- 18 Your Honor, I could make a reasonable argument that the patent isn't
- 19 expired but it is disclaimed.
- 20 And some of this takes us back to Altoona years ago where it's a different
- 21 form of disclaimer that was in place in that case and the laws were different
- 22 at that time, but I feel there's a difference between disclaiming a portion of a
- 23 term and the term expiring. I can't answer your question any more precisely.
- 24 It's a good question.
- 25 JUDGE HORNER: It seems to me like in Durckheimer the panel was
- 26 interpreting the word "term" in 251 but didn't focus on the unexpired part

- language of 251 because they were deciding the case in '94 and even with
- 2 the terminal disclaimer the patent wouldn't have expired until '96. So they
- 3 weren't focused on the unexpired part of 251, that language.
- 4 And if we look at Morgan, Morgan pretty clearly says once the patent
- 5 expires, even if it's during the reissue proceeding, the office no longer has
- 6 any authority under 251 to reissue a patent.
- 7 MR. ROBINSON: If the patent expires based on the end of its term is where
- 8 I believe Morgan is.
- 9 JUDGE HORNER: So the question is whether or not this patent has expired
- 10 by virtue of its terminal disclaimer because we cannot go beyond -- we
- 11 cannot reissue except for the unexpired part for the term.
- 12 MR, ROBINSON: Yes, the unexpired part of the term, though, And Your
- 13 Honor, I would offer that the unexpired part is modifying the expression
- 14 "term" there.
- 15 So a patent has a term and if we look at the US code that focuses on the term
- 16 which, as Durckheimer says, with we read these in harmony, we read them
- 17 as one, there's a term that's going to be ascribed to the subject '991 patent
- and then we have a terminal disclaimer that disclaims a portion of that term.
- 19 So I would continue to assert that we have an unexpired part of the term
- 20 because we can look at what the term is, we can determine whether or not a
- 21 portion of that term is expired or unexpired separate and apart from a
- 22 terminal disclaimer and then look at the issue that the terminal disclaimer
- 23 simply disclaims a portion of that.
- 24 Do you want me to give you a moment to look it up?
- 25 JUDGE HORNER: No, no, that's fine.

- 1 MR. ROBINSON: The second issue that was in MPEP 1490 and in
- 2 Durckheimer, Judge Moore, is I think what you are touching on which is
- 3 how the public going to be protected here? What is the recapture doctrine
- 4 focusing on here?
- 5 One of the keywords that we've highlighted is we can't take back something
- 6 intentionally dedicated to the public. And we feel that the filing of our
- 7 petition in the application that was pending before issuance in the '991
- 8 patent is pretty strong evidence that we didn't intend to dedicate this. We
- 9 think that negates the intent.
- 10 I commented earlier that I feel that it's reasonable for people that are looking
- at this case to review the file history. They'll see this. They'll see this
- 12 reissue proceeding and be aware of what arguments are being made and
- 13 recognize that there is an argument that this patent is going to have a longer
- 14 enforceable period than what is shown on its face.
- 15 JUDGE HOFF: Counsel, in the absence of a granted petition, the terminal
- 16 disclaimer is enforced, correct?
- 17 MR. ROBINSON: In this particular case?
- 18 JUDGE HOFF: Currently, yes. The petition has not yet been granted. So
- 19 the terminal disclaimer is currently in force. So currently there is something
- 20 that has been dedicated to the public; is that correct?
- 21 MR. ROBINSON: I think the terminal disclaimer is -- I think I can agree
- 22 that it's in force. I want to take issue with the dedicated with the public.
- 23 Part of the touchstone there is freely dedicated to the public and we didn't
- 24 freely dedicate this to the public.
- 25 At the time the terminal disclaimer was filed, we said, okay, this is it and
- 26 then -- I can tell you, this case is a learning experience for me. I never file

- 1 terminal disclaimers anymore. Simply have language that says, We request
- 2 double patenting rejection be held in abeyance until such time as allowable
- 3 subject matter is indicated.
- 4 That's what we say because we don't want to be in this situation again. And
- 5 we wait until it's the last thing, the very last thing that's there to file that
- 6 terminal disclaimer.
- 7 But I think it's important here the freely dedicated. It was freely dedicated
- 8 when we -- I'm sorry, go ahead.
- 9 JUDGE HOFF: Well, the double patenting rejection was made and you
- were presented with a situation that, okay, there's something I have to do in
- 11 order to get my patent issued.
- 12 So are you saying that essentially you filed a terminal disclaimer under
- 13 protest? Is there some record that, yes, I'll file this disclaimer under duress?
- 14 MR. ROBINSON: Here in this case, no.
- 15 JUDGE HOFF: But that's essentially the mental process that you are
- 16 suggesting?
- 17 MR. ROBINSON: No. I'm suggesting that to timely file the disclaimer it
- 18 was, I don't want to say proper, but it was intended. But subsequent to that,
- 19 because of other rejections, the claims were amended.
- 20 JUDGE HOFF: I understand. So you filed this petition to withdraw the
- 21 terminal disclaimer but at the time you filed the petition, you knew that it
- 22 was not a guarantee that any petition would be granted.
- 23 MR. ROBINSON: We can never be certain that any petition will be granted,
- 24 yes.

- 1 JUDGE HOFF: So what I'm suggesting is that you don't necessarily know,
- 2 you can't say for a fact that -- I lost my train of thought. That something
- 3 would not be dedicated to the public.
- 4 MR, ROBINSON: Right. To the extent -- if I understand your question, to
- 5 the extent that I think it's coming back to whether or not the terminal
- 6 disclaimer or the obviousness type double patenting, ODP in this case, is
- 7 proper or not, we haven't really reached that issue.
- 8 No one, the Examiner in the reissue, the Director below on the petition, no
- 9 one's looked at this and said, Oh, yeah, there should be double patenting or
- 10 there shouldn't.
- 11 To the extent that we reverse the Examiner here with respect to the issue of
- 12 this is an error that can be corrected under reissue, then I think this case goes
- 13 back to Examiner Potter or whoever is handling it now to look at: Okay,
- since this can be corrected, is it appropriate to correct it?
- 15 I don't know that we've reached that issue and I think the -- my feeling here
- 16 is that we're not making a determination as to whether or not this patent
- 17 reissues or doesn't reissue. We're making a determination as to whether this
- 18 is a type of error that can be corrected under reissue. And then I'll get the
- 19 pleasure of working with whatever subsequent rejections or issues may be
- 20 raised with respect to that concern.
- 21 JUDGE HORNER: Not to beat a dead horse, but let's go back to that term
- 22 question one more time. In Durckheimer the panel looked at the definition
- 23 in section 154 of the statute that describes the term of the patent and it's
- 24 been -- 154 has been amended since Durckheimer to deal with patent term
- 25 adjustment.

- And one of the sections now under 154 deals with disclaimed term and it's
- 2 talking about patent term adjustment but it says, "No patent, the term of
- 3 which has been disclaimed beyond a specified date, may be adjusted under
- 4 this section beyond the expiration date specified in the disclaimer."
- 5 So wouldn't we read that in this revised version of 154 to mean that when
- 6 you file a terminal disclaimer you are resetting the expiration date?
- 7 MR. ROBINSON: Isn't that portion -- and again, I apologize, I didn't bring
- 8 the code with me. Isn't that portion, as you said, directed to patent term
- 9 extension and refers to any patent whose term is extended under this section
- shall not be extended beyond the period of the disclaimer?
- 11 JUDGE HORNER: Yes, the section would be 154, right? This is all part of
- 12 154.
- 13 MR. ROBINSON: It's not 154A, B, C or something of that, which is where
- 14 the sections may come in? Because it's my understanding that what that's
- 15 directed to is the 4414 rule, if I have it right, concerning delays and PTA that
- 16 comes into play, that we can't take patent term extension and use it to get
- 17 beyond what we would file with respect to a disclaimer. That's my
- 18 understanding of that section.
- 19 JUDGE HORNER: I agree. I guess the only point I'm raising here is that it
- 20 at least seems to give us an insight in terms of the statute when something is
- 21 disclaimed. They are considering the term of the patent to be the expiration
- 22 date specified in the disclaimer is the term set by -- at the time of issuance of
- 23 that patent. So the term is not 2018. Under this it would be 2003.
- 24 MR. ROBINSON: I'm sorry, could I read it or could you say it again? May
- 25 I approach?
- 26 JUDGE HORNER: Yes. It's this section right here on disclaimer.

- 1 MR. ROBINSON: Okay. I see --
- 2 JUDGE HORNER: The panel in Durckheimer didn't have that language
- 3 when they were interpreting 154. So what do we do with that language?
- 4 MR. ROBINSON: Well, I think what you do with that language is limit that
- 5 to the intended application of under this section and patent term adjustment.
- 6 So this is 154. It's fairly deep in here. It appears to be little b, 2, big B.
- 7 So I think that when we go back to the section, this is focusing on patent
- 8 term adjustment. But I see your point and I think perhaps the language of
- 9 expiration date in this wasn't precisely chosen by Congress but I don't think
- 10 they would have appreciated the issues that we are discussing today. They
- 11 are somewhat complex.
- 12 JUDGE HORNER: We are sort of stuck with whatever language they pick.
- 13 We can't look behind it and change the wording of the statute.
- 14 MR. ROBINSON: No, we can't change the wording of the statute but we
- 15 can clearly interpret the statute to be limited to patent term adjustment which
- 16 is where the statute is focused on and not in the situation such as this.
- 17 We're not arguing today that there was a delay that allowed us to get an
- 18 adjustment beyond that period. What we're focusing on is 251 and the error
- 19 issue, of course.
- 20 JUDGE MOORE: I'm pretty sure we understand your points and we are
- 21 running a bit over our promised time. I'll give you a couple minutes to wrap
- 22 up if you want.
- 23 MR. ROBINSON: I'm fairly comfortable that you do understand the points
- 24 as well. The only last point I would like to make, and I will try to keep this
- 25 to 30 seconds, is the third point in Durckheimer which is that -- and this is
- 26 what we circle back to.

- 1 We don't feel we're challenging a terminal disclaimer here. The error isn't
- 2 that we filed the terminal disclaimer and we're unhappy with the result.
- 3 We're challenging the petition issue.
- 4 And I appreciate the difficulties with that but we're challenging that the
- 5 petition wasn't acted on and the errors that occurred both at the Office and at
- 6 our end in not addressing that issue. So I can quit at that point.
- 7 JUDGE MOORE: Thank you counsel for a well-prepared and well-argued
- 8 argument.

10 11 12

9 Whereupon, the proceedings at 9:39 a.m., were concluded.